

REMARKS

In view of the above amendments and the following remarks, reconsideration of the outstanding office action is respectfully requested. Pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.121, attached as Appendix A is a Version With Markings to Show Changes Made.

Interactions between bacterial pathogens and their plant hosts generally fall into two categories: (1) compatible (pathogen-host), leading to intercellular bacterial growth, symptom development, and disease development in the host plant; and (2) incompatible (pathogen-nonhost), resulting in the hypersensitive response, a particular type of incompatible interaction occurring, without progressive disease symptoms. During compatible interactions on host plants, bacterial populations increase dramatically and progressive symptoms occur. During incompatible interactions, bacterial populations do not increase, and progressive symptoms do not occur.

The hypersensitive response is a rapid, localized necrosis that is associated with the active defense of plants against many pathogens. The hypersensitive response elicited by bacteria is readily observed as a tissue collapse if high concentrations ($\geq 10^7$ cells/ml) of a limited host-range pathogen like *Pseudomonas syringae* or *Erwinia amylovora* are infiltrated into the leaves of nonhost plants (necrosis occurs only in isolated plant cells at lower levels of inoculum). The capacities to elicit the hypersensitive response in a nonhost and be pathogenic in a host appear linked. These pathogens also cause physiologically similar, albeit delayed, necroses in their interactions with compatible hosts. Furthermore, the ability to produce the hypersensitive response or pathogenesis is dependent on a common set of genes, denoted *hrp*. Consequently, the hypersensitive response may hold clues to both the nature of plant defense and the basis for bacterial pathogenicity.

The *hrp* genes are widespread in Gram-negative plant pathogens, where they are clustered, conserved, and in some cases interchangeable. Several *hrp* genes encode components of a protein secretion pathway similar to one used by *Yersinia*, *Shigella*, and *Salmonella* spp. to secrete proteins essential in animal diseases. In *E. amylovora*, *P. syringae*, and *P. solanacearum*, *hrp* genes have been shown to control the production and secretion of glycine-rich, protein elicitors of the hypersensitive response.

The first of these proteins was discovered in *E. amylovora* Ea321, a bacterium that causes fire blight of rosaceous plants, and was designated harpin. Mutations in the encoding *hrpN* gene revealed that harpin is required for *E. amylovora* to elicit a hypersensitive response in nonhost tobacco leaves and incite disease symptoms in highly

susceptible pear fruit. The *P. solanacearum* GMI1000 PopA1 protein has similar physical properties and also elicits the hypersensitive response in leaves of tobacco, which is not a host of that strain. However, *P. solanacearum popA* mutants still elicit the hypersensitive response in tobacco and incite disease in tomato. Thus, the role of these glycine-rich hypersensitive response elicitors can vary widely among Gram-negative plant pathogens.

Other plant pathogenic hypersensitive response elicitors have been isolated, cloned, and sequenced. These include: *Erwinia chrysanthemi*; *Erwinia carotovora*; *Erwinia stewartii*; and *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae*.

The present invention seeks to identify fragments of hypersensitive response elicitor proteins or polypeptides, which fragments do not elicit a hypersensitive response but are active when utilized in conjunction with plants.

The objection to the Oath/Declaration is respectfully traversed in view of the new "Combined Declaration for Patent Application and Power of Attorney" submitted herewith.

objection remains

The objection to the specification based on informalities is respectfully traversed in view of the amendments to the specification.

withdraw

The objection of the information disclosure statement filed by applicants on February 4, 2000, and received by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO") on February 9, 2000, for failure to comply with 37 CFR §§ 1.97 and 1.98 and with MPEP § 609, is respectfully traversed. The USPTO has not considered references 1-11, 13, 15-33, 35-105, and 108-163 listed in the PTO Form-1449, which form was submitted with the information disclosure statement dated February 4, 2000, on the ground that these references are missing from the present application. Based on review of its files for this case, applicants have concluded that copies of all of the identified references were indeed forwarded to the USPTO on February 4, 2000. Before incurring the significant cost of re-copying the 158 references at issue, applicants respectfully request that the USPTO take another look for the references. If the USPTO still cannot find the references, applicants request that they be given an opportunity to forward additional copies of the references to the USPTO for consideration, without the need to pay additional fees, and that such consideration be granted.

check for references on 10th floor

The rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-38 under 35 U.S.C. § 112 (1st para.) for lack of adequate written description is respectfully traversed in view of the above amendments and the following remarks.

The USPTO has also taken the position that the present application does not adequately describe the claimed genus of fragments of hypersensitive response elicitor proteins or polypeptides which do not elicit a hypersensitive response but which have other activities in plants. Applicants respectfully disagree. On page 32, line 3, through page 34, line 2, and in Examples 1-17, the present application clearly identifies suitable fragments of the claimed genus and provides ample guidance as to how to produce other suitable fragments of the genus. For example, the present application identifies as suitable fragments the C-terminal, N-terminal, and internal fragments of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23, which sequence corresponds to the *Erwinia amylovora* hypersensitive response elicitor (page 32, lines 27-32). More specifically, the C-terminal fragments are identified as spanning amino acid residues 169-403, 210-403, 267-403, or 343-403 of SEQ ID NO: 23 (page 32, line 32, through page 33, line 2). The internal fragments are identified as spanning amino acid residues 105-179, 137-166, 121-150, or 137-156 of SEQ ID NO: 23 (page 33, lines 2-4). The present application also identifies as a suitable fragment of the claimed genus, the fragment containing amino acid residues 190-294 of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31, which sequence corresponds to the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* hypersensitive response elicitor (page 33, lines 6-9). As yet a further example of a suitable fragment of the claimed genus, the present application identifies the peptide having an amino acid sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 39, which peptide is derived from the hypersensitive response eliciting glycoprotein of *Phytophthora megasperma* (page 33, lines 11-14).

The present application also provides adequate disclosure to allow one of ordinary skill in the art to determine and produce other fragments belonging to the claimed genus (page 32, line 3, through page 34, line 2, and Examples 1-17). For example, suitable fragments can be produced using subcloning techniques well known in the art, as described on page 32, lines 6-10, and in Examples 1-16 of the present application. Alternatively, the present applications discloses the use of proteolytic enzymes to produce fragments of the claimed genus, which techniques are well known in the art (page 32, lines 11-16). The present application also teaches the use of polymerase chain reaction and specific primers to synthesize the fragments of the claimed genus (page 32, lines 17-22). Further, suitable fragments of the present invention may be made using chemical synthesis techniques well known in the art, as described in the present application on page 32, lines 22-26. Moreover, the present application discusses the creation of variants of the fragments of the disclosed

fragments through the deletion or addition of certain amino acid residues, using techniques well known in the art (page 33, lines 15-21).

In the examples, specific details are provided for making hypersensitive response elicitor fragments and for testing those fragments. Examples 1-5 and 7-8 describe procedures for producing such fragments. In Examples 6 and 11-12, the procedure for testing whether a protein elicits a hypersensitive response is described. Procedures to test proteins for growth enhancement and systemic acquired resistance are set forth in Examples 9-10 and 13-17. These techniques could be readily adapted to make and test additional fragments.

For the reasons stated above, applicants respectfully submit that the rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-38 for lack of written description is improper and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-38 under 35 U.S.C. § 112 (2nd para.) for indefiniteness is respectfully traversed in view of the above amendments and the following remarks.

To the extent the rejection is based on a lack of reciting the conditions that will produce the claimed results, applicants respectfully submit that no amendments are necessary. The language of the claims is clear, and it would be unduly limiting to require applicants to restrict the scope of their claims to specific process conditions. Further, one of ordinary skill in the art would be fully able to carry out the claimed method from the disclosure of the present application.

The present application provides ample disclosure of the conditions that are effective to impart disease resistance to plants, enhance plant growth, and/or control insects of plants (pages 37-41 and Examples 16 and 17). As described on pages 37 through 41 of the present application, the methods of the present invention involve the application of protein or polypeptide fragments of hypersensitive response elicitors to plants or plant seeds, or the incorporation of DNA molecules encoding these fragments into transgenic plants. Specific procedures for use in applying the fragments to plants and plant seeds are described on page 40, line 11 through page 41, line 19.

In reference to the USPTO's rejection of claims 30, 33, and 36 based on the alleged lack of clarity regarding the meaning of "applying a fragment of hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide," the present application makes it clear how this is done. For example, the fragments may be applied to plants (e.g., the leaves, stems, roots, and cuttings of plants) using high or low pressure spraying, injection, and leaf abrasion (page 40, lines 15-18). With respect to seeds and cuttings, the fragments may be applied by low or

not
recited in claims

high pressure spraying, coating, immersion, or injection (page 40, lines 18-24). Plants propagated from the treated seeds can then be treated again with applications of the fragments of the present invention (page 40, lines 27-31). Examples 16 and 17 provide specific teachings relating to the methods of the present invention, including the conditions for applying the fragments to plants and plant seeds effective to impart disease resistance to plants, to enhance plant growth, and/or control insects of the plants (see also page 41, lines 1-19).

For all these reasons, applicants respectfully submit that the rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-38 for indefiniteness is improper and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 1-9 and 36-38 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by WO 98/37752 to Zitter et al. ("Zitter '752") is respectfully traversed.

Zitter '752 describes a method of insect control for plants by applying a hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein to the plants. There is no suggestion in Zitter '752 that hypersensitive response elicitor fragments, which themselves do not elicit a hypersensitive response, are useful in controlling insects. Thus, applicants respectfully submit that the 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) rejection based on Zitter '752 is improper and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-33 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) as being anticipated by WO 96/39802 to Wei et al. ("Wei '802") is respectfully traversed.

Wei '802 teaches a method of imparting pathogen resistance to plants by applying a hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein to the plants. Wei '802 does not disclose or suggest that hypersensitive response elicitor fragments, which themselves do not elicit a hypersensitive response, are useful in imparting pathogen resistance to plants, enhancing plant growth, or controlling insects of plants. Therefore, applicants respectfully submit that the 35 U.S.C. § 102(a) rejection based on Wei '802 is improper and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 1-3, 8, and 30-32 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,859,324 to Wei et al. ("Wei '324") is respectfully traversed.

Wei '324 is a divisional patent application of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/475,775 to Wei et al., filed June 7, 1995, now abandoned, which corresponds to the international application published as Wei '802 (described above). Thus, Wei '802 and Wei '324 have identical disclosures. Therefore, as with Wei '802, Wei '324 does not disclose or suggest that fragments of a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide, which

fragments do not themselves elicit a hypersensitive response, are useful in imparting pathogen resistance to plants, enhancing plant growth, or controlling insects of plants. For these reasons, applicants respectfully submit that the 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) rejection based on Wei '324 is inappropriate and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 1-9 and 30-38 under the judicially-created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-7 and 26-34 of co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/086,118 ("Patent App. '118") is respectfully traversed.

Patent App. '118 is directed to hypersensitive response eliciting fragments that elicit a hypersensitive response and the uses of these fragments. However, in contrast to the claims of Patent App. '118, the claims of the present invention are directed to the use of fragments of a hypersensitive response elicitor to impart disease resistance to plants, enhance plant growth, and/or control insects of plants, where the fragments do not themselves elicit a hypersensitive response. Thus, applicants respectfully submit that the double patenting rejection based on the claims of Patent App. '118 is improper and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 36-38 under the judicially-created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 22-27 of U.S. Patent No. 5,977,060 to Zitter et al. ("Zitter '060") is respectfully traversed.

Claims 1 and 22-27 of Zitter '060 are directed to a method of insect control for plants using a hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein. Since the claims of Zitter '060 are not directed to the use of fragments of hypersensitive response elicitors, which fragments themselves do not elicit a hypersensitive response, in controlling insects, applicants respectfully submit that the double patenting rejection based on Zitter '060 is inappropriate and should be withdrawn.

The rejection of claims 33-35 under the judicially-created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, and 19-25 of U.S. Patent No. 6,277,814 to Qiu et al. ("Qiu '814") is respectfully traversed.

The claims of Qiu '814 are directed to a method of enhancing plant growth using a hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein. The claims of Qiu '814 are not directed to the use of hypersensitive response elicitor fragments, which themselves do not elicit a hypersensitive response, to enhance plant growth. Therefore, the double patenting rejection based on Qiu '814 is improper and should be withdrawn.

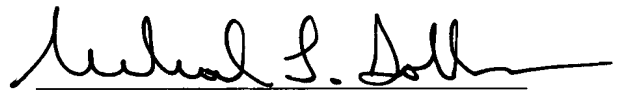
The rejection of claims 30-32 under the judicially-created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, and 19-23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,235,974 to Qiu et al. ("Qiu '974") is respectfully traversed.

The claims of Qiu '974 are directed to a method of imparting pathogen resistance to plants using hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptides or proteins. However, since the claims of Qiu '974 are not directed to the use of fragments of a hypersensitive response elicitor, which fragments do not themselves achieve a hypersensitive response, in imparting pathogen resistance to plants, the double patenting rejection based on Qiu '974 is inappropriate and should be withdrawn.

In view of all of the foregoing, applicants submit that this case is in condition for allowance and such allowance is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: May 6, 2002



Michael L. Goldman
Registration No. 30,727

NIXON PEABODY LLP
Clinton Square, P.O. Box 31051
Rochester, New York 14603-1051
Telephone: (585) 263-1304
Facsimile: (585) 263-1600

C r t i f i c a t e of M a i l i n g - 37 CFR 1.8(a)	
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office P.O. BOX 2327 Arlington, VA 22202, on the date below.	
Date <u>5/6/2002</u>	<u>Jo Ann Whalen</u> Jo Ann Whalen

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 1 of 37

In reference to the amendments made herein to the specification and to claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 30, 33, and 36, additions appear as underlined text, while deletions appear as bracketed text, as indicated below:

In the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 5, line 5, and ending on page 5, line 14, with the following replacement paragraph:

Figure 2 shows a list of synthesized oligonucleotide primers for construction of truncated harpin proteins. N represents the N-terminus (5' region), and C represents the C-terminus (3' region). The primers correspond to the indicated sequence identification numbers for the present application: N1 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 1), N76 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 2), N99 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 3), N105 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 4), N110 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 5), N137 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 6), N150 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 7), N169 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 8), N210 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 9), N267 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 10), N343 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 11), C75 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 12), C104 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 13), C168 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 14), C180 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 15), C204 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 16), C209 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 17), C266 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 18), C342 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 19), and C403 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 20).

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 6, line 5, and ending on page 8, line 22, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein from *Erwinia chrysanthemi* has an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 21 as follows:

Met	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	His	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asp	Leu	Gly	Val	Ser
1				5				10				15			
Gly	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gln	Gly	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser
			20					25						30	

R569603.2

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
 Page 4 of 37

```

GGGGCAGAAT GCTGCGCTGA GTGCGTTGAG TAACGTCAGC ACCCACGTAG ACGGTAACAA 1260
CCGCCACTTT GTAGATAAAG AAGATCGCGG CATGGCGAAA GAGATCGGCC AGTTTATGGA 1320
TCAGTATCCG GAAATATTCG GTAAACCGGA ATACCAGAAA GATGGCTGGA GTTCGCCGAA 1380
GACGGACGAC AAATCCTGGG CTAAAGCGCT GAGTAAACCG GATGATGACG GTATGACCGG 1440
CGCCAGCATG GACAAATTCC GTCAGGCGAT GGGTATGATC AAAAGCGCGG TGGCGGGTGA 1500
TACCGGCAAT ACCAACCTGA ACCTGCGTGG CGCGGGCGGT GCATCGCTGG GTATCGATGC 1560
GGCTGTCTGC GGCATAAAA TAGCCAACAT GTCGCTGGGT AAGCTGGCCA ACGCCTGATA 1620
ATCTGTGCTG GCCTGATAAA GCGGAAACGA AAAAAGAGAC GGGGAAGCCT GTCTCTTTTC 1680
TTATTATGCG GTTTATGCGG TTACCTGGAC CGGTTAATCA TCGTCATCGA TCTGGTACAA 1740
ACGCACATTT TCCCGTTTCAT TCGCGTCGTT ACGCGCCACA ATCGCGATGG CATCTTCCTC 1800
GTCGCTCAGA TTGCGCGGCT GATGGGGAAC GCCGGGTGGA ATATAGAGAA ACTCGCCGGC 1860
CAGATGGAGA CACGTCTGCG ATAAATCTGT GCCGTAACGT GTTTCTATCC GCCCCTTTAG 1920
CAGATAGATT GCGGTTTCGT AATCAACATG GTAATGCGGT TCCGCCTGTG CGCCGGCCGG 1980
GATCACCACA ATATTCATAG AAAGCTGTCT TGCACCTACC GTATCGCGGG AGATACCGAC 2040
AAAATAGGGC AGTTTTTTCG TGGTATCCGT GGGGTGTTCC GGCCTGACAA TCTTGAGTTG 2100
GTTTCGTCATC ATCTTTCTCC ATCTGGGCGA CCTGATCGGT T 2141

```

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 8, line 25, and ending on page 11, line 8, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein derived from *Erwinia amylovora* has an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23 as follows:

```

Met Ser Leu Asn Thr Ser Gly Leu Gly Ala Ser Thr Met Gln Ile Ser
1           5           10           15

Ile Gly Gly Ala Gly Gly Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu Gly Thr Ser Arg Gln
          20           25           30

Asn Ala Gly Leu Gly Gly Asn Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Gly Gly Gly Asn
          35           40           45

```

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 5 of 37

Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Val	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gly	Met	Met	
50						55					60					
Met	Met	Met	Ser	Met	Met	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Met	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	
65					70					75					80	
Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Glu	
				85					90					95		
Gly	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asp	Met	Leu	Gly	Gly	Ser	Leu	Asn	Thr	
			100					105					110			
Leu	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gly	Gly	Asn	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ser	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ser	Pro	
			115					120					125			
Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ile	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gln	Asn	Asp	Asp	Ser	
	130					135					140					
Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asp	Pro	Met	Gln	Gln	
145					150					155					160	
Leu	Leu	Lys	Met	Phe	Ser	Glu	Ile	Met	Gln	Ser	Leu	Phe	Gly	Asp	Gly	
				165					170					175		
Gln	Asp	Gly	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gln	Pro	Thr	Glu	
			180					185					190			
Gly	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Val	Thr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Gly	
		195					200					205				
Leu	Met	Gly	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	
	210					215					220					
Gly	Gly	Gln	Gly	Gly	Asn	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ser	Ser	Leu	
225					230					235					240	
Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Val	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	
				245					250					255		
Leu	Gly	Asn	Ala	Val	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ile	Gly	Met	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gln	
			260					265					270			
Ala	Leu	Asn	Asp	Ile	Gly	Thr	His	Arg	His	Ser	Ser	Thr	Arg	Ser	Phe	
		275					280					285				
Val	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asp	Arg	Ala	Met	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Gly	Gln	Phe	Met	
	290					295					300					
Asp	Gln	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Val	Phe	Gly	Lys	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Pro	
305					310					315					320	
Gly	Gln	Glu	Val	Lys	Thr	Asp	Asp	Lys	Ser	Trp	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ser	
				325					330					335		

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 7 of 37

GGTTCGTCGC	TGGGCGGCAA	AGGGCTGCAA	AACCTGAGCG	GGCCGGTGGA	CTACCAGCAG	840
TTAGGTAACG	CCGTGGGTAC	CGGTATCGGT	ATGAAAGCGG	GCATTCAGGC	GCTGAATGAT	900
ATCGGTACGC	ACAGGCACAG	TTCAACCCGT	TCTTTCGTCA	ATAAAGGCGA	TCGGGCGATG	960
GCGAAGGAAA	TCGGTCAGTT	CATGGACCAG	TATCCTGAGG	TGTTTGCAA	GCCGCAGTAC	1020
CAGAAAGGCC	CGGGTCAGGA	GGTGAAAACC	GATGACAAAT	CATGGGCAAA	AGCACTGAGC	1080
AAGCCAGATG	ACGACGGAAT	GACACCAGCC	AGTATGGAGC	AGTTCAACAA	AGCCAAGGGC	1140
ATGATCAAAA	GGCCCATGGC	GGGTGATACC	GGCAACGGCA	ACCTGCAGGC	ACGCGGTGCC	1200
GGTGGTTCTT	CGCTGGGTAT	TGATGCCATG	ATGGCCGGTG	ATGCCATTAA	CAATATGGCA	1260
CTTGGCAAGC	TGGGCGCGGC	TTAAGCTT				1288

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 11, line 11, and ending on page 13, line 47, with the following replacement paragraph:

Another potentially suitable hypersensitive response elicitor from *Erwinia amylovora* is disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/120,927, which is hereby incorporated by reference. The protein is encoded by a DNA molecule having a nucleic acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 25 as follows:

ATGTCAATTC	TTACGCTTAA	CAACAATACC	TCGTCCTCGC	CGGGTCTGTT	CCAGTCCGGG	60
GGGGACAACG	GGCTTGGTGG	TCATAATGCA	AATTCTGCGT	TGGGGCAACA	ACCCATCGAT	120
CGGCAAACCA	TTGAGCAAAT	GGCTCAATTA	TTGGCGGAAC	TGTTAAAGTC	ACTGCTATCG	180
CCACAATCAG	GTAATGCGGC	AACCGGAGCC	GGTGGCAATG	ACCAGACTAC	AGGAGTTGGT	240
AACGCTGGCG	GCCTGAACGG	ACGAAAAGGC	ACAGCAGGAA	CCACTCCGCA	GTCTGACAGT	300
CAGAACATGC	TGAGTGAGAT	GGGCAACAAC	GGGCTGGATC	AGGCCATCAC	GCCCGATGGC	360
CAGGGCGGCG	GGCAGATCGG	CGATAATCCT	TTACTGAAAG	CCATGCTGAA	GCTTATTGCA	420
CGCATGATGG	ACGGCCAAAG	CGATCAGTTT	GGCCAACCTG	GTACGGGCAA	CAACAGTGCC	480
TCTTCCGGTA	CTTCTTCATC	TGGCGGTTCC	CCTTTTAAAG	ATCTATCAGG	GGGGAAGGCC	540
CCTTCCGGCA	ACTCCCCTTC	CGGCAACTAC	TCTCCCGTCA	GTACCTTCTC	ACCCCCATCC	600
ACGCCAACGT	CCCCTACCTC	ACCGCTTGAT	TTCCCTTCTT	CTCCCACCAA	AGCAGCCGGG	660
GGCAGCACGC	CGGTAACCGA	TCATCCTGAC	CCTGTTGGTA	GCGCGGGCAT	CGGGGCCGGA	720
AATTCGGTGG	CCTTCACCAG	CGCCGGCGCT	AATCAGACGG	TGCTGCATGA	CACCATTACC	780

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 8 of 37

```

GTGAAAGCGG GTCAGGTGTT TGATGGCAAA GGACAAACCT TCACCGCCGG TTCAGAATTA      840
GGCGATGGCG GCCAGTCTGA AAACCAGAAA CCGCTGTTTA TACTGGAAGA CCGTGCCAGC      900
CTGAAAAACG TCACCATGGG CGACGACGGG GCGGATGGTA TTCATCTTTA CCGTGATGCC      960
AAAATAGACA ATCTGCACGT CACCAACGTG GGTGAGGACG CGATTACCGT TAAGCCAAAC     1020
AGCGCGGGCA AAAAATCCCA CGTTGAAATC ACTAACAGTT CCTTCGAGCA CGCCTCTGAC     1080
AAGATCCTGC AGCTGAATGC CGATACTAAC CTGAGCGTTG ACAACGTGAA GGCCAAAGAC     1140
TTTGGTACTT TTGTACGCAC TAACGGCGGT CAACAGGGTA ACTGGGATCT GAATCTGAGC     1200
CATATCAGCG CAGAAGACGG TAAGTTCTCG TTCGTTAAAA GCGATAGCGA GGGGCTAAAC     1260
GTCAATACCA GTGATATCTC ACTGGGTGAT GTTGAAAACC ACTACAAAGT GCCGATGTCC     1320
GCCAACCTGA AGGTGGCTGA ATGA                                     1344

```

See GenBank Accession No. U94513. The isolated DNA molecule of the present invention encodes a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 26 as follows:

```

Met Ser Ile Leu Thr Leu Asn Asn Asn Thr Ser Ser Ser Pro Gly Leu
1           5           10           15
Phe Gln Ser Gly Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Gly Gly His Asn Ala Asn Ser
20           25           30
Ala Leu Gly Gln Gln Pro Ile Asp Arg Gln Thr Ile Glu Gln Met Ala
35           40           45
Gln Leu Leu Ala Glu Leu Leu Lys Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Gln Ser Gly
50           55           60
Asn Ala Ala Thr Gly Ala Gly Gly Asn Asp Gln Thr Thr Gly Val Gly
65           70           75           80
Asn Ala Gly Gly Leu Asn Gly Arg Lys Gly Thr Ala Gly Thr Thr Pro
85           90           95
Gln Ser Asp Ser Gln Asn Met Leu Ser Glu Met Gly Asn Asn Gly Leu
100          105          110
Asp Gln Ala Ile Thr Pro Asp Gly Gln Gly Gly Gly Gln Ile Gly Asp
115          120          125
Asn Pro Leu Leu Lys Ala Met Leu Lys Leu Ile Ala Arg Met Met Asp
130          135          140
Gly Gln Ser Asp Gln Phe Gly Gln Pro Gly Thr Gly Asn Asn Ser Ala
145          150          155          160

```

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 9 of 37

Ser	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ser	Pro	Phe	Asn	Asp	Leu	Ser	
				165					170					175		
Gly	Gly	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Pro	
			180					185					190			
Val	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ser	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ser	Pro	Thr	Ser	Pro	
		195					200					205				
Leu	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ser	Pro	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ser	Thr	Pro	
	210					215					220					
Val	Thr	Asp	His	Pro	Asp	Pro	Val	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ala	Gly	
225					230					235					240	
Asn	Ser	Val	Ala	Phe	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gln	Thr	Val	Leu	His	
				245					250					255		
Asp	Thr	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gln	Val	Phe	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gln	
			260					265					270			
Thr	Phe	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ser	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ser	Glu	Asn	
		275					280					285				
Gln	Lys	Pro	Leu	Phe	Ile	Leu	Glu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asn	Val	
	290					295					300					
Thr	Met	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ile	His	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Ala	
305					310					315					320	
Lys	Ile	Asp	Asn	Leu	His	Val	Thr	Asn	Val	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Thr	
				325					330					335		
Val	Lys	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ala	Gly	Lys	Lys	Ser	His	Val	Glu	Ile	Thr	Asn	
			340					345					350			
Ser	Ser	Phe	Glu	His	Ala	Ser	Asp	Lys	Ile	Leu	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ala	Asp	
		355					360					365				
Thr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp	Asn	Val	Lys	Ala	Lys	Asp	Phe	Gly	Thr	Phe	
	370					375					380					
Val	Arg	Thr	Asn	Gly	Gly	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Trp	Asp	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ser	
385				390						395					400	
His	Ile	Ser	Ala	Glu	Asp	Gly	Lys	Phe	Ser	Phe	Val	Lys	Ser	Asp	Ser	
				405					410					415		
Glu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp	Val	Glu	
			420					425					430			
Asn	His	Tyr	Lys	Val	Pro	Met	Ser	Ala	Asn	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Glu		
		435					440					445				

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 10 of 37

This protein or polypeptide is acidic, rich in glycine and serine, and lacks cysteine. It is also heat stable, protease sensitive, and suppressed by inhibitors of plant metabolism. The protein or polypeptide of the present invention has a predicted molecular size of ca. 4.5 kDa.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 13, line 48, and ending on page 22, line 24, with the following replacement paragraph:

Another potentially suitable hypersensitive response elicitor from *Erwinia amylovora* is disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/120,663 which is hereby incorporated by reference. The protein is encoded by a DNA molecule having a nucleic acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 27 as follows:

ATGGAATTAA AATCACTGGG AACTGAACAC AAGGCGGCAG TACACACAGC GGCGCACAAAC	60
CCTGTGGGGC ATGGTGTTCG CTTACAGCAG GGCAGCAGCA GCAGCAGCCC GCAAAATGCC	120
GCTGCATCAT TGGCGGCAGA AGGCAAAAAT CGTGGGAAAA TGCCGAGAAT TCACCAGCCA	180
TCTACTGCGG CTGATGGTAT CAGCGCTGCT CACCAGCAAA AGAAATCCTT CAGTCTCAGG	240
GGCTGTTTGG GGACGAAAAA ATTTTCCAGA TCGGCACCGC AGGGCCAGCC AGGTACCACC	300
CACAGCAAAG GGGCAACATT GCGCGATCTG CTGGCGCGGG ACGACGGCGA AACGCAGCAT	360
GAGGCGGCCG CGCCAGATGC GGCGCGTTTG ACCCGTTCGG GCGGCGTCAA ACGCCGCAAT	420
ATGGACGACA TGGCCGGGCG GCCAATGGTG AAAGGTGGCA GCGGCGAAGA TAAGGTACCA	480
ACGCAGCAAA AACGGCATCA GCTGAACAAT TTTGGCCAGA TGCGCCAAAC GATGTTGAGC	540
AAAATGGCTC ACCCGGCTTC AGCCAACGCC GGCGATCGCC TGCAGCATTC ACCGCCGCAC	600
ATCCCGGGTA GCCACCACGA AATCAAGGAA GAACCGGTTG GCTCCACCAG CAAGGCAACA	660
ACGGCCACAG CAGACAGAGT GGAAATCGCT CAGGAAGATG ACGACAGCGA ATTCCAGCAA	720
CTGCATCAAC AGCGGCTGGC GCGCGAACGG GAAAATCCAC CGCAGCCGCC CAAACTCGGC	780
GTTGCCACAC CGATTAGCGC CAGGTTTCAG CCCAACTGA CTGCGGTTGC GGAAAGCGTC	840
CTTGAGGGGA CAGATACCAC GCAGTCACCC CTTAAGCCGC AATCAATGCT GAAAGGAAGT	900
GGAGCCGGGG TAACGCCGCT GGCGGTAACG CTGGATAAAG GCAAGTTGCA GCTGGCACCG	960
GATAATCCAC CCGCGCTCAA TACGTTGTTG AAGCAGACAT TGGGTAAAGA CACCAGCAC	1020
TATCTGGCGC ACCATGCCAG CAGCGACGGT AGCCAGCATC TGCTGCTGGA CAACAAAGGC	1080
CACCTGTTTG ATATCAAAAG CACCGCCACC AGCTATAGCG TGCTGCACAA CAGCCACCCC	1140
GGTGAGATAA AGGGCAAGCT GGCGCAGGCG GGTACTGGCT CCGTCAGCGT AGACGGTAAA	1200

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 11 of 37

AGCGGCAAGA	TCTCGCTGGG	GAGCGGTACG	CAAAGTCACA	ACAAAACAAT	GCTAAGCCAA	1260
CCGGGGGAAG	CGCACCCTTC	CTTATTAACC	GGCATTGTC	AGCATCCTGC	TGGCGCAGCG	1320
CGGCCGCAGG	GCGAGTCAAT	CCGCCTGCAT	GACGACAAAA	TTCATATCCT	GCATCCGGAG	1380
CTGGGCGTAT	GGCAATCTGC	GGATAAAGAT	ACCCACAGCC	AGCTGTCTCG	CCAGGCAGAC	1440
GGTAAGCTCT	ATGCGCTGAA	AGACAACCGT	ACCCTGCAAA	ACCTCTCCGA	TAATAAATCC	1500
TCAGAAAAGC	TGGTCGATAA	AATCAAATCG	TATTCCGTTG	ATCAGCGGGG	GCAGGTGGCG	1560
ATCCTGACGG	ATACTCCCGG	CCGCCATAAG	ATGAGTATTA	TGCCCTCGCT	GGATGCTTCC	1620
CCGGAGAGCC	ATATTTCCCT	CAGCCTGCAT	TTTGCCGATG	CCCACCAGGG	GTTATTGCAC	1680
GGGAAGTCGG	AGCTTGAGGC	ACAATCTGTC	GCGATCAGCC	ATGGGCGACT	GGTTGTGGCC	1740
GATAGCGAAG	GCAAGCTGTT	TAGCGCCGCC	ATTCCGAAGC	AAGGGGATGG	AAACGAACTG	1800
AAAATGAAAG	CCATGCCTCA	GCATGCGCTC	GATGAACATT	TTGGTCATGA	CCACCAGATT	1860
TCTGGATTTT	TCCATGACGA	CCACGGCCAG	CTTAATGCGC	TGGTGAAAAA	TAAC'TCAGG	1920
CAGCAGCATG	CCTGCCCCGT	GGGTAACGAT	CATCAGTTTC	ACCCCGGCTG	GAACCTGACT	1980
GATGCGCTGG	TTATCGACAA	TCAGCTGGGG	CTGCATCATA	CCAATCCTGA	ACCGCATGAG	2040
ATTCTTGATA	TGGGGCATT	AGGCAGCCTG	GCGTTACAGG	AGGGCAAGCT	TCACTATTTT	2100
GACCAGCTGA	CCAAAGGGTG	GACTGGCGCG	GAGTCAGATT	GTAAGCAGCT	GAAAAAGGC	2160
CTGGATGGAG	CAGCTTATCT	ACTGAAAGAC	GGTGAAGTGA	AACGCCTGAA	TATTAATCAG	2220
AGCACCTCCT	CTATCAAGCA	CGGAACGGAA	AACGTTTTTT	CGCTGCCGCA	TGTGCGCAAT	2280
AAACCGGAGC	CGGGAGATGC	CCTGCAAGGG	CTGAATAAAG	ACGATAAGGC	CCAGGCCATG	2340
GCGGTGATTG	GGGTAAATAA	ATACCTGGCG	CTGACGGAAA	AAGGGGACAT	TCGCTCCTTC	2400
CAGATAAAAC	CCGGCACCCA	GCAGTTGGAG	CGGCCGGCAC	AAACTCTCAG	CCGCGAAGGT	2460
ATCAGCGGCG	AACTGAAAGA	CATTCATGTC	GACCACAAGC	AGAACCCTGTA	TGCCTTGACC	2520
CACGAGGGAG	AGGTGTTTCA	TCAGCCGCGT	GAAGCCTGGC	AGAATGGTGC	CGAAAGCAGC	2580
AGCTGGCACA	AACTGGCGTT	GCCACAGAGT	GAAAGTAAGC	TAAAAAGTCT	GGACATGAGC	2640
CATGAGCACA	AACCGATTGC	CACCTTTGAA	GACGGTAGCC	AGCATCAGCT	GAAGGCTGGC	2700
GGCTGGCACG	CCTATGCGGC	ACCTGAACGC	GGGCCGCTGG	CGGTGGGTAC	CAGCGGTTCA	2760
CAAACCGTCT	TTAACCGACT	AATGCAGGGG	GTGAAAGGCA	AGGTGATCCC	AGGCAGCGGG	2820
TTGACGGTTA	AGCTCTCGGC	TCAGACGGGG	GGAATGACCG	GCGCCGAAGG	GCGCAAGGTC	2880
AGCAGTAAAT	TTTCCGAAAG	GATCCGCGCC	TATGCGTTCA	ACCCAACAAT	GTCCACGCCG	2940
CGACCGATTA	AAAATGCTGC	TTATGCCACA	CAGCACGGCT	GGCAGGGGCG	TGAGGGGTTG	3000
AAGCCGTTGT	ACGAGATGCA	GGGAGCGCTG	ATTAAACAAC	TGGATGCGCA	TAACGTTTCGT	3060

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 12 of 37

CATAACGCGC	CACAGCCAGA	TTTGCAGAGC	AAACTGGAAA	CTCTGGATTT	AGGCGAACAT	3120
GGCGCAGAAT	TGCTTAACGA	CATGAAGCGC	TTCCGCGACG	AACTGGAGCA	GAGTGCAACC	3180
CGTTCGGTGA	CCGTTTTAGG	TCAACATCAG	GGAGTGCTAA	AAAGCAACGG	TGAAATCAAT	3240
AGCGAATTTA	AGCCATCGCC	CGGCAAGGCG	TTGGTCCAGA	GCTTTAACGT	CAATCGCTCT	3300
GGTCAGGATC	TAAGCAAGTC	ACTGCAACAG	GCAGTACATG	CCACGCCGCC	ATCCGCAGAG	3360
AGTAAACTGC	AATCCATGCT	GGGGCACTTT	GTCAGTGCCG	GGGTGGATAT	GAGTCATCAG	3420
AAGGGCGAGA	TCCCCTGGG	CCGCCAGCGC	GATCCGAATG	ATAAAACCGC	ACTGACCAAA	3480
TCGCGTTTAA	TTTTAGATAC	CGTGACCATC	GGTGAAGTGC	ATGAACTGGC	CGATAAGGCG	3540
AAACTGGTAT	CTGACCATAA	ACCCGATGCC	GATCAGATAA	AACAGCTGCG	CCAGCAGTTC	3600
GATACGCTGC	GTGAAAAGCG	GTATGAGAGC	AATCCGGTGA	AGCATTACAC	CGATATGGGC	3660
TTCACCCATATA	ATAAGGCGCT	GGAAGCAAAC	TATGATGCGG	TCAAAGCCTT	TATCAATGCC	3720
TTTAAGAAAG	AGCACCACGG	CGTCAATCTG	ACCACGCGTA	CCGTACTGGA	ATCACAGGGC	3780
AGTGC GGAGC	TGGCGAAGAA	GCTCAAGAAT	ACGCTGTTGT	CCCTGGACAG	TGGTGAAAGT	3840
ATGAGCTTCA	GCCGGTCATA	TGGCGGGGGC	GTCAGCACTG	TCTTTGTGCC	TACCCTTAGC	3900
AAGAAGGTGC	CAGTTCCGGT	GATCCCCGGA	GCCGGCATCA	CGCTGGATCG	CGCCTATAAC	3960
CTGAGCTTCA	GTCGTACCAG	CGGCGGATTG	AACGTCAGTT	TTGGCCGCGA	CGGCGGGGTG	4020
AGTGGTAAACA	TCATGGTCGC	TACCGGCCAT	GATGTGATGC	CCTATATGAC	CGGTAAGAAA	4080
ACCA GTGCAG	GTAACGCCAG	TGACTGGTTG	AGCGCAAAAC	ATAAAATCAG	CCCGGACTTG	4140
CGTATCGGCG	CTGCTGTGAG	TGGCACCCCTG	CAAGGAACGC	TACAAAACAG	CCTGAAGTTT	4200
AAGCTGACAG	AGGATGAGCT	GCCTGGCTTT	ATCCATGGCT	TGACGCATGG	CACGTTGACC	4260
CCGGCAGAAC	TGTTGCAAAA	GGGGATCGAA	CATCAGATGA	AGCAGGGCAG	CAAAGTGACG	4320
TTTAGCGTCG	ATACCTCGGC	AAATCTGGAT	CTGCGTGCCG	GTATCAATCT	GAACGAAGAC	4380
GGCAGTAAAC	CAAATGGTGT	CACTGCCCCTG	GTTTCTGCCG	GGCTAAGTGC	ATCGGCAAAC	4440
CTGGCCGCCG	GCTCGCGTGA	ACGAGCACC	ACCTCTGGCC	AGTTTGGCAG	CACGACTTCG	4500
GCCAGCAATA	ACCGCCCAAC	CTTCCTCAAC	GGGGTCGGCG	CGGGTGCTAA	CCTGACGGCT	4560
GCTTTAGGGG	TTGCCCATTC	ATCTACGCAT	GAAGGGAAAC	CGGTCCGGAT	CTTCCCGGCA	4620
TTTACCTCGA	CCAATGTTTC	GGCAGCGCTG	GCGCTGGATA	ACCGTACCTC	ACAGAGTATC	4680
AGCCTGGAAT	TGAAGCGCGC	GGAGCCGGTG	ACCAGCAACG	ATATCAGCGA	GTTGACCTCC	4740
ACGCTGGGAA	AACACTTTAA	GGATAGCGCC	ACAACGAAGA	TGCTTGCCGC	TCTCAAAGAG	4800
TTAGATGACG	CTAAGCCCGC	TGAACAACTG	CTATATTTAC	AGCAGCATTT	CAGTGCAAAA	4860
GATGTCGTCG	GTGATGAACG	CTACGAGGCG	GTGCGCAACC	TGAAAAAACT	GGTGATACGT	4920

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 13 of 37

```

CAACAGGCTG CGGACAGCCA CAGCATGGAA TTAGGATCTG CCAGTCACAG CACGACCTAC      4980
AATAATCTGT CGAGAATAAA TAATGACGGC ATTGTGCGAGC TGCTACACAA ACATTTTCGAT      5040
GCGGCATTAC CAGCAAGCAG TGCCAAACGT CTTGGTGAAA TGATGAATAA CGATCCGGCA      5100
CTGAAAGATA TTATTAAGCA GCTGCAAAGT ACGCCGTTCA GCAGCGCCAG CGTGTCGATG      5160
GAGCTGAAAG ATGGTCTGCG TGAGCAGACG GAAAAAGCAA TACTGGACGG TAAGGTCGGT      5220
CGTGAAGAAG TGGGAGTACT TTTCCAGGAT CGTAACAACT TGC GTGTTAA ATCGGTCAGC      5280
GTCAGTCAGT CCGTCAGCAA AAGCGAAGGC TTCAATACCC CAGCGCTGTT ACTGGGGACG      5340
AGCAACAGCG CTGCTATGAG CATGGAGCGC AACATCGGAA CCATTAATTT TAAATACGGC      5400
CAGGATCAGA ACACCCACG GCGATTTACC CTGGAGGGTG GAATAGCTCA GGCTAATCCG      5460
CAGGTCGCAT CTGCGCTTAC TGATTTGAAG AAGGAAGGGC TGGAAATGAA GAGCTAA      5517

```

This DNA molecule is known as the *dspE* gene for *Erwinia amylovora*. This isolated DNA molecule of the present invention encodes a protein or polypeptide which elicits a plant pathogen's hypersensitive response having an amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 28 as follows:

```

Met Glu Leu Lys Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu His Lys Ala Ala Val His Thr
 1              5              10              15
Ala Ala His Asn Pro Val Gly His Gly Val Ala Leu Gln Gln Gly Ser
      20              25              30
Ser Ser Ser Ser Pro Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Ala Glu Gly
      35              40              45
Lys Asn Arg Gly Lys Met Pro Arg Ile His Gln Pro Ser Thr Ala Ala
      50              55              60
Asp Gly Ile Ser Ala Ala His Gln Gln Lys Lys Ser Phe Ser Leu Arg
      65              70              75              80
Gly Cys Leu Gly Thr Lys Lys Phe Ser Arg Ser Ala Pro Gln Gly Gln
      85              90              95
Pro Gly Thr Thr His Ser Lys Gly Ala Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Leu Ala
      100              105              110
Arg Asp Asp Gly Glu Thr Gln His Glu Ala Ala Ala Pro Asp Ala Ala
      115              120              125
Arg Leu Thr Arg Ser Gly Gly Val Lys Arg Arg Asn Met Asp Asp Met
      130              135              140
Ala Gly Arg Pro Met Val Lys Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Asp Lys Val Pro
      145              150              155              160

```

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Thr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Arg 165	His	Gln	Leu	Asn	Asn 170	Phe	Gly	Gln	Met	Arg 175	Gln
Thr	Met	Leu	Ser 180	Lys	Met	Ala	His	Pro 185	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Ala 190	Gly	Asp
Arg	Leu	Gln	His	Ser 195	Pro	Pro	His 200	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ser	His 205	His	Glu	Ile
Lys	Glu 210	Glu	Pro	Val	Gly	Ser 215	Thr	Ser	Lys	Ala	Thr 220	Thr	Ala	His	Ala
Asp 225	Arg	Val	Glu	Ile	Ala 230	Gln	Glu	Asp	Asp	Asp 235	Ser	Glu	Phe	Gln	Gln 240
Leu	His	Gln	Gln	Arg 245	Leu	Ala	Arg	Glu	Arg 250	Glu	Asn	Pro	Pro	Gln 255	Pro
Pro	Lys	Leu	Gly 260	Val	Ala	Thr	Pro	Ile 265	Ser	Ala	Arg	Phe	Gln 270	Pro	Lys
Leu	Thr 275	Ala	Val	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val 280	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Asp 285	Thr	Thr	Gln
Ser	Pro 290	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gln	Ser 295	Met	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser 300	Gly	Ala	Gly	Val
Thr 305	Pro	Leu	Ala	Val	Thr 310	Leu	Asp	Lys	Gly	Lys 315	Leu	Gln	Leu	Ala	Pro 320
Asp	Asn	Pro	Pro	Ala 325	Leu	Asn	Thr	Leu	Leu 330	Lys	Gln	Thr	Leu	Gly 335	Lys
Asp	Thr	Gln	His 340	Tyr	Leu	Ala	His	His 345	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asp	Gly 350	Ser	Gln
His	Leu 355	Leu	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Gly 360	His	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile 365	Lys	Ser	Thr
Ala	Thr 370	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Val	Leu 375	His	Asn	Ser	His	Pro 380	Gly	Glu	Ile	Lys
Gly 385	Lys	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala 390	Gly	Thr	Gly	Ser	Val 395	Ser	Val	Asp	Gly	Lys 400
Ser	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ser 405	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr 410	Gln	Ser	His	Asn	Lys 415	Thr
Met	Leu	Ser	Gln 420	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ala	His 425	Arg	Ser	Leu	Leu 430	Thr	Gly	Ile
Trp	Gln 435	His	Pro	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala 440	Arg	Pro	Gln	Gly	Glu 445	Ser	Ile	Arg
Leu	His 450	Asp	Asp	Lys	Ile	His 455	Ile	Leu	His	Pro	Glu 460	Leu	Gly	Val	Trp
Gln 465	Ser	Ala	Asp	Lys	Asp 470	Thr	His	Ser	Gln	Leu 475	Ser	Arg	Gln	Ala	Asp 480
Gly	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Ala 485	Leu	Lys	Asp	Asn	Arg 490	Thr	Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu 495	Ser

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 15 of 37

Asp	Asn	Lys	Ser	Ser	Glu	Lys	Leu	Val	Asp	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Ser	
			500					505						510		
Val	Asp	Gln	Arg	Gly	Gln	Val	Ala	Ile	Leu	Thr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Gly	Arg	
		515					520					525				
His	Lys	Met	Ser	Ile	Met	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Pro	Glu	Ser	His	
	530					535					540					
Ile	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	His	Phe	Ala	Asp	Ala	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Leu	His	
545					550					555					560	
Gly	Lys	Ser	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Val	Ala	Ile	Ser	His	Gly	Arg	
			565						570					575		
Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Asp	Ser	Glu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile	Pro	
			580					585					590			
Lys	Gln	Gly	Asp	Gly	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Met	Lys	Ala	Met	Pro	Gln	His	
		595					600					605				
Ala	Leu	Asp	Glu	His	Phe	Gly	His	Asp	His	Gln	Ile	Ser	Gly	Phe	Phe	
	610					615					620					
His	Asp	Asp	His	Gly	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Val	Lys	Asn	Asn	Phe	Arg	
625					630					635					640	
Gln	Gln	His	Ala	Cys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Asn	Asp	His	Gln	Phe	His	Pro	Gly	
				645					650					655		
Trp	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	His	
		660						665					670			
His	Thr	Asn	Pro	Glu	Pro	His	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asp	Met	Gly	His	Leu	Gly	
		675					680					685				
Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Lys	Leu	His	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	
	690					695					700					
Lys	Gly	Trp	Thr	Gly	Ala	Glu	Ser	Asp	Cys	Lys	Gln	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gly	
705					710					715					720	
Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Val	Lys	Arg	Leu	
				725					730					735		
Asn	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Lys	His	Gly	Thr	Glu	Asn	Val	
			740					745					750			
Phe	Ser	Leu	Pro	His	Val	Arg	Asn	Lys	Pro	Glu	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	
		755					760					765				
Gln	Gly	Leu	Asn	Lys	Asp	Asp	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Met	Ala	Val	Ile	Gly	
	770					775					780					
Val	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ile	Arg	Ser	Phe	
785					790					795					800	
Gln	Ile	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Glu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	
				805					810					815		

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 16 of 37

Ser	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ile	Ser	Gly	Glu	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ile	His	Val	Asp	His	820	825	830
Lys	Gln	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Thr	His	Glu	Gly	Glu	Val	Phe	His	Gln	835	840	845
Pro	Arg	Glu	Ala	Trp	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Trp	His	Lys	850	855	860
Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Lys	Ser	Leu	Asp	Met	Ser	865	870	875
His	Glu	His	Lys	Pro	Ile	Ala	Thr	Phe	Glu	Asp	Gly	Ser	Gln	His	Gln	885	890	895
Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Trp	His	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Pro	Glu	Arg	Gly	Pro	900	905	910
Leu	Ala	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Gln	Thr	Val	Phe	Asn	Arg	Leu	Met	915	920	925
Gln	Gly	Val	Lys	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gly	Leu	Thr	Val	Lys	930	935	940
Leu	Ser	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gly	Met	Thr	Gly	Ala	Glu	Gly	Arg	Lys	Val	945	950	955
Ser	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ile	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Phe	Asn	Pro	Thr	965	970	975
Met	Ser	Thr	Pro	Arg	Pro	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Gln	His	980	985	990
Gly	Trp	Gln	Gly	Arg	Glu	Gly	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Met	Gln	Gly	995	1000	1005
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Gln	Leu	Asp	Ala	His	Asn	Val	Arg	His	Asn	Ala	Pro	1010	1015	1020
Gln	Pro	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ser	Lys	Leu	Glu	Thr	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Glu	His	1025	1030	1035
Gly	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Met	Lys	Arg	Phe	Arg	Asp	Glu	Leu	Glu	1045	1050	1055
Gln	Ser	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Gln	His	Gln	Gly	Val	1060	1065	1070
Leu	Lys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Glu	Ile	Asn	Ser	Glu	Phe	Lys	Pro	Ser	Pro	Gly	1075	1080	1085
Lys	Ala	Leu	Val	Gln	Ser	Phe	Asn	Val	Asn	Arg	Ser	Gly	Gln	Asp	Leu	1090	1095	1100
Ser	Lys	Ser	Leu	Gln	Gln	Ala	Val	His	Ala	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ser	Ala	Glu	1105	1110	1115
Ser	Lys	Leu	Gln	Ser	Met	Leu	Gly	His	Phe	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Val	Asp	1125	1130	1135
Met	Ser	His	Gln	Lys	Gly	Glu	Ile	Pro	Leu	Gly	Arg	Gln	Arg	Asp	Pro	1140	1145	1150

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 17 of 37

Asn Asp Lys Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ser Arg Leu Ile Leu Asp Thr Val		
1155	1160	1165
Thr Ile Gly Glu Leu His Glu Leu Ala Asp Lys Ala Lys Leu Val Ser		
1170	1175	1180
Asp His Lys Pro Asp Ala Asp Gln Ile Lys Gln Leu Arg Gln Gln Phe		
1185	1190	1195 1200
Asp Thr Leu Arg Glu Lys Arg Tyr Glu Ser Asn Pro Val Lys His Tyr		
	1205 1210	1215
Thr Asp Met Gly Phe Thr His Asn Lys Ala Leu Glu Ala Asn Tyr Asp		
	1220 1225	1230
Ala Val Lys Ala Phe Ile Asn Ala Phe Lys Lys Glu His His Gly Val		
	1235 1240	1245
Asn Leu Thr Thr Arg Thr Val Leu Glu Ser Gln Gly Ser Ala Glu Leu		
	1250 1255	1260
Ala Lys Lys Leu Lys Asn Thr Leu Leu Ser Leu Asp Ser Gly Glu Ser		
	1265 1270	1275 1280
Met Ser Phe Ser Arg Ser Tyr Gly Gly Gly Val Ser Thr Val Phe Val		
	1285 1290	1295
Pro Thr Leu Ser Lys Lys Val Pro Val Pro Val Ile Pro Gly Ala Gly		
	1300 1305	1310
Ile Thr Leu Asp Arg Ala Tyr Asn Leu Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Ser Gly		
	1315 1320	1325
Gly Leu Asn Val Ser Phe Gly Arg Asp Gly Gly Val Ser Gly Asn Ile		
	1330 1335	1340
Met Val Ala Thr Gly His Asp Val Met Pro Tyr Met Thr Gly Lys Lys		
	1345 1350	1355 1360
Thr Ser Ala Gly Asn Ala Ser Asp Trp Leu Ser Ala Lys His Lys Ile		
	1365 1370	1375
Ser Pro Asp Leu Arg Ile Gly Ala Ala Val Ser Gly Thr Leu Gln Gly		
	1380 1385	1390
Thr Leu Gln Asn Ser Leu Lys Phe Lys Leu Thr Glu Asp Glu Leu Pro		
	1395 1400	1405
Gly Phe Ile His Gly Leu Thr His Gly Thr Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Leu		
	1410 1415	1420
Leu Gln Lys Gly Ile Glu His Gln Met Lys Gln Gly Ser Lys Leu Thr		
	1425 1430	1435 1440
Phe Ser Val Asp Thr Ser Ala Asn Leu Asp Leu Arg Ala Gly Ile Asn		
	1445 1450	1455
Leu Asn Glu Asp Gly Ser Lys Pro Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Arg Val Ser		
	1460 1465	1470

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 18 of 37

Ala Gly Leu Ser	Ala Ser Ala Asn Leu Ala Ala Gly Ser Arg Glu Arg
1475	1480 1485
Ser Thr Thr Ser Gly Gln Phe Gly Ser Thr Thr Ser Ala Ser Asn Asn	
1490	1495 1500
Arg Pro Thr Phe Leu Asn Gly Val Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Leu Thr Ala	
1505	1510 1515 1520
Ala Leu Gly Val Ala His Ser Ser Thr His Glu Gly Lys Pro Val Gly	
	1525 1530 1535
Ile Phe Pro Ala Phe Thr Ser Thr Asn Val Ser Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu	
	1540 1545 1550
Asp Asn Arg Thr Ser Gln Ser Ile Ser Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg Ala Glu	
	1555 1560 1565
Pro Val Thr Ser Asn Asp Ile Ser Glu Leu Thr Ser Thr Leu Gly Lys	
	1570 1575 1580
His Phe Lys Asp Ser Ala Thr Thr Lys Met Leu Ala Ala Leu Lys Glu	
1585	1590 1595 1600
Leu Asp Asp Ala Lys Pro Ala Glu Gln Leu His Ile Leu Gln Gln His	
	1605 1610 1615
Phe Ser Ala Lys Asp Val Val Gly Asp Glu Arg Tyr Glu Ala Val Arg	
	1620 1625 1630
Asn Leu Lys Lys Leu Val Ile Arg Gln Gln Ala Ala Asp Ser His Ser	
	1635 1640 1645
Met Glu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser His Ser Thr Thr Tyr Asn Asn Leu Ser	
	1650 1655 1660
Arg Ile Asn Asn Asp Gly Ile Val Glu Leu Leu His Lys His Phe Asp	
1665	1670 1675 1680
Ala Ala Leu Pro Ala Ser Ser Ala Lys Arg Leu Gly Glu Met Met Asn	
	1685 1690 1695
Asn Asp Pro Ala Leu Lys Asp Ile Ile Lys Gln Leu Gln Ser Thr Pro	
	1700 1705 1710
Phe Ser Ser Ala Ser Val Ser Met Glu Leu Lys Asp Gly Leu Arg Glu	
	1715 1720 1725
Gln Thr Glu Lys Ala Ile Leu Asp Gly Lys Val Gly Arg Glu Glu Val	
	1730 1735 1740
Gly Val Leu Phe Gln Asp Arg Asn Asn Leu Arg Val Lys Ser Val Ser	
1745	1750 1755 1760
Val Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Lys Ser Glu Gly Phe Asn Thr Pro Ala Leu	
	1765 1770 1775
Leu Leu Gly Thr Ser Asn Ser Ala Ala Met Ser Met Glu Arg Asn Ile	
	1780 1785 1790
Gly Thr Ile Asn Phe Lys Tyr Gly Gln Asp Gln Asn Thr Pro Arg Arg	
	1795 1800 1805

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 19 of 37

Phe Thr Leu Glu Gly Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Asn Pro Gln Val Ala Ser
 1810 1815 1820

Ala Leu Thr Asp Leu Lys Lys Glu Gly Leu Glu Met Lys Ser
 1825 1830 1835

This protein or polypeptide is about 198 kDa and has a pI of 8.98.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 22, line 25, and ending on page 23, line 17, with the following replacement paragraph:

The present invention relates to an isolated DNA molecule having a nucleotide sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 29 as follows:

ATGACATCGT CACAGCAGCG GGTGAAAGG TTTTACAGT ATTTCTCCGC CGGGTGTAAG 60
 ACGCCCATAC ATCTGAAAGA CGGGGTGTGC GCCCTGTATA ACGAACAAGA TGAGGAGGCG 120
 GCGGTGCTGG AAGTACCGCA ACACAGCGAC AGCCTGTTAC TACACTGCCG AATCATTTGAG 180
 GCTGACCCAC AAACCTCAAT AACCTGTAT TCGATGCTAT TACAGCTGAA TTTTGAAATG 240
 GCGGCCATGC GCGGCTGTTG GCTGGCGCTG GATGAACTGC ACAACGTGCG TTTATGTTTT 300
 CAGCAGTCGC TGGAGCATCT GGATGAAGCA AGTTTTAGCG ATATCGTTAG CGGCTTCATC 360
 GAACATGCGG CAGAAGTGCG TGAGTATATA GCGCAATTAG ACGAGAGTAG CGCGGCATAA 420

This is known as the dspF gene. This isolated DNA molecule of the present invention encodes a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 30 as follows:

Met Thr Ser Ser Gln Gln Arg Val Glu Arg Phe Leu Gln Tyr Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15

Ala Gly Cys Lys Thr Pro Ile His Leu Lys Asp Gly Val Cys Ala Leu
 20 25 30

Tyr Asn Glu Gln Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Val Leu Glu Val Pro Gln His
 35 40 45

Ser Asp Ser Leu Leu Leu His Cys Arg Ile Ile Glu Ala Asp Pro Gln
 50 55 60

Thr Ser Ile Thr Leu Tyr Ser Met Leu Leu Gln Leu Asn Phe Glu Met
 65 70 75 80

Ala Ala Met Arg Gly Cys Trp Leu Ala Leu Asp Glu Leu His Asn Val
 85 90 95

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 20 of 37

Arg Leu Cys Phe Gln Gln Ser Leu Glu His Leu Asp Glu Ala Ser Phe
 100 105 110

Ser Asp Ile Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Glu His Ala Ala Glu Val Arg Glu
 115 120 125

Tyr Ile Ala Gln Leu Asp Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala
 130 135

This protein or polypeptide is about 16 kDa and has a pI of 4.45.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 23, line 18, and ending on page 25, line 13, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein derived from *Pseudomonas syringae* has an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 31 as follows:

Met Gln Ser Leu Ser Leu Asn Ser Ser Ser Leu Gln Thr Pro Ala Met
 1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Val Leu Val Arg Pro Glu Ala Glu Thr Thr Gly Ser Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Lys Ala Leu Gln Glu Val Val Val Lys Leu Ala Glu Glu Leu Met
 35 40 45

Arg Asn Gly Gln Leu Asp Asp Ser Ser Pro Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu Ala
 50 55 60

Lys Ser Met Ala Ala Asp Gly Lys Ala Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Asp Val
 65 70 75 80

Ile Ala Ala Leu Asp Lys Leu Ile His Glu Lys Leu Gly Asp Asn Phe
 85 90 95

Gly Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Ala Ser Gly Thr Gly Gln Gln Asp Leu Met
 100 105 110

Thr Gln Val Leu Asn Gly Leu Ala Lys Ser Met Leu Asp Asp Leu Leu
 115 120 125

Thr Lys Gln Asp Gly Gly Thr Ser Phe Ser Glu Asp Asp Met Pro Met
 130 135 140

Leu Asn Lys Ile Ala Gln Phe Met Asp Asp Asn Pro Ala Gln Phe Pro
 145 150 155 160

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 21 of 37

Lys	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Trp	Val	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Phe	165	170	175	
Leu	Asp	Gly	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Phe	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ile	180	185	190	
Gly	Gln	Gln	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gln	Gln	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ala	Gly	195	200	205	
Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ser	Asn	Asn	Ser	Ser	210	215	220	
Val	Met	Gly	Asp	Pro	Leu	Ile	Asp	Ala	Asn	Thr	Gly	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ser	225	230	235	240
Gly	Asn	Thr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Gln	Leu	Ile	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ile	Asp	245	250	255	
Arg	Gly	Leu	Gln	Ser	Val	Leu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Val	260	265	270	
Asn	Thr	Pro	Gln	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gly	Gln	Ser	Ala	Gln	275	280	285	
Asp	Leu	Asp	Gln	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Ala	290	295	300	
Thr	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	Thr	Asp	Val	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ala	305	310	315	320
Ala	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Leu	Gln	Gly	Thr	Arg	325	330	335	
Asn	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ala												340			

This hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein has a molecular weight of 34-35 kDa. It is rich in glycine (about 13.5%) and lacks cysteine and tyrosine. Further information about the hypersensitive response elicitor derived from *Pseudomonas syringae* is found in He, S. Y., H. C. Huang, and A. Collmer, "*Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* Harpin_{PS}: a Protein that is Secreted via the Hrp Pathway and Elicits the Hypersensitive Response in Plants," *Cell* 73:1255-1266 (1993), which is hereby incorporated by reference. The DNA molecule encoding the hypersensitive response elicitor from *Pseudomonas syringae* has a nucleotide sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 32 as follows:

ATGCAGAGTC	TCAGTCTTAA	CAGCAGCTCG	CTGCAAACCC	CGGCAATGGC	CCTTGTCTCTG	60
GTACGTCTCTG	AAGCCGAGAC	GACTGGCAGT	ACGTCGAGCA	AGGCGCTTCA	GGAAGTTGTC	120

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 22 of 37

GTGAAGCTGG CCGAGGAACT GATGCGCAAT GGTCAACTCG ACGACAGCTC GCCATTGGGA	180
AAACTGTTGG CCAAGTCGAT GGCCGCAGAT GGCAAGGCGG GCGGCGGTAT TGAGGATGTC	240
ATCGCTGCGC TGGACAAGCT GATCCATGAA AAGCTCGGTG ACAACTTCGG CGCGTCTGCG	300
GACAGCGCCT CGGGTACCGG ACAGCAGGAC CTGATGACTC AGGTGCTCAA TGGCCTGGCC	360
AAGTCGATGC TCGATGATCT TCTGACCAAG CAGGATGGCG GGACAAGCTT CTCCGAAGAC	420
GATATGCCGA TGCTGAACAA GATCGCGCAG TTCATGGATG ACAATCCCGC ACAGTTTCCC	480
AAGCCGGACT CGGGCTCCTG GGTGAACGAA CTCAAGGAAG ACAACTTCCT TGATGGCGAC	540
GAAACGGCTG CGTTCCGTTT GGCACCTCGAC ATCATTGGCC AGCAACTGGG TAATCAGCAG	600
AGTGACGCTG GCAGTCTGGC AGGGACGGGT GGAGGTCTGG GCACTCCGAG CAGTTTTTCC	660
AACAACCTCGT CCGTGATGGG TGATCCGCTG ATCGACGCCA ATACCGGTCC CCGTGACAGC	720
GGCAATACCC GTGGTGAAGC GGGGCAACTG ATCGGCGAGC TTATCGACCG TGGCCTGCAA	780
TCGGTATTGG CCGGTGGTGG ACTGGGCACA CCCGTAAACA CCGCGCAGAC CCGTACGTCG	840
GCGAATGGCG GACAGTCCGC TCAGGATCTT GATCAGTTGC TGGGCGGCTT GCTGCTCAAG	900
GGCCTGGAGG CAACGCTCAA GGATGCCGGG CAAACAGGCA CCGACGTGCA GTCGAGCGCT	960
GCGCAAATCG CCACCTTGCT GGTCAGTACG CTGCTGCAAG GCACCCGCAA TCAGGCTGCA	1020
GCCTGA	1026

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 25, line 15, and ending on page 28, line 6, with the following replacement paragraph:

Another potentially suitable hypersensitive response elicitor from *Pseudomonas syringae* is disclosed in U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/120,817, which is hereby incorporated by reference. The protein has a nucleotide sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 33 as follows:

TCCACTTCGC TGATTTTGAA ATTGGCAGAT TCATAGAAAC GTTCAGGTGT GGAAATCAGG	60
CTGAGTGCGC AGATTTCGTT GATAAGGGTG TGGTACTGGT CATTGTTGGT CATTTCAAGG	120
CCTCTGAGTG CCGTGCGGAG CAATACCACT CTTCTGCTG GCGTGTGCAC ACTGAGTCGC	180
AGGCATAGGC ATTTTCAGTTC CTTGCGTTGG TTGGGCATAT AAAAAAGGA ACTTTTAAAA	240
ACAGTGCAAT GAGATGCCGG CAAAACGGGA ACCGGTCGCT GCGCTTTGCC ACTCACTTCG	300

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 23 of 37

```

AGCAAGCTCA ACCCAAACA TCCACATCCC TATCGAACGG ACAGCGATAC GGCCACTTGC      360
TCTGGTAAAC CCTGGAGCTG GCGTCGGTCC AATTGCCCAC TTAGCGAGGT AACGCAGCAT      420
GAGCATCGGC ATCACACCCC GGCCGCAACA GACCACCACG CCACTCGATT TTTCGGCGCT      480
AAGCGGCAAG AGTCCTCAAC CAAACACGTT CGGCGAGCAG AACACTCAGC AAGCGATCGA      540
CCCGAGTGCA CTGTTGTTCG GCAGCGACAC ACAGAAAGAC GTCAACTTCG GCACGCCCGA      600
CAGCACCCTC CAGAATCCGC AGGACGCCAG CAAGCCCAAC GACAGCCAGT CCAACATCGC      660
TAAATTGATC AGTGCATTGA TCATGTCGTT GCTGCAGATG CTCACCAACT CCAATAAAAA      720
GCAGGACACC AATCAGGAAC AGCCTGATAG CCAGGCTCCT TTCCAGAACA ACGGCGGGCT      780
CGGTACACCG TCGGCCGATA GCGGGGGCGG CGGTACACCG GATGCGACAG GTGGCGGCGG      840
CGGTGATACG CCAAGCGCAA CAGGCGGTGG CGGCGGTGAT ACTCCGACCG CAACAGGCGG      900
TGGCGGCAGC GGTGGCGGCG GCACACCCAC TGCAACAGGT GGCGGCAGCG GTGGCACACC      960
CACTGCAACA GGCGGTGGCG AGGGTGGCGT AACACCGCAA ATCACTCCGC AGTTGGCCAA     1020
CCCTAACCGT ACCTCAGGTA CTGGCTCGGT GTCGGACACC GCAGGTTCTA CCGAGCAAGC     1080
CGGCAAGATC AATGTGGTGA AAGACACCAT CAAGGTCGGC GCTGGCGAAG TCTTTGACGG     1140
CCACGGCGCA ACCTTCACTG CCGACAAATC TATGGGTAAC GGAGACCAGG GCGAAAATCA     1200
GAAGCCCATG TTCGAGCTGG CTGAAGGCGC TACGTTGAAG AATGTGAACC TGGGTGAGAA     1260
CGAGGTCGAT GGCATCCACG TGAAAGCCAA AAACGCTCAG GAAGTCACCA TTGACAACGT     1320
GCATGCCCAG AACGTCGGTG AAGACCTGAT TACGGTCAAA GGCGAGGGAG GCGCAGCGGT     1380
CACTAATCTG AACATCAAGA ACAGCAGTGC CAAAGGTGCA GACGACAAGG TTGTCCAGCT     1440
CAACGCCAAC ACTCACTTGA AAATCGACAA CTTCAAGGCC GACGATTTCTG GCACGATGGT     1500
TCGCACCAAC GGTGGCAAGC AGTTTGATGA CATGAGCATC GAGCTGAACG GCATCGAAGC     1560
TAACCACGGC AAGTTCGCCC TGGTGAAAAG CGACAGTGAC GATCTGAAGC TGGCAACGGG     1620
CAACATCGCC ATGACCGACG TCAAACACGC CTACGATAAA ACCCAGGCAT CGACCCAACA     1680
CACCGAGCTT TGAATCCAGA CAAGTAGCTT GAAAAAAGGG GGTGGACTC      1729

```

This DNA molecule is known as the *dspE* gene for *Pseudomonas syringae*. This isolated DNA molecule of the present invention encodes a protein or polypeptide which elicits a plant pathogen's hypersensitive response having an amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 34 as follows:

```

Met Ser Ile Gly Ile Thr Pro Arg Pro Gln Gln Thr Thr Thr Pro Leu
1           5           10           15

```

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 24 of 37

Asp	Phe	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Asn	Thr	Phe	Gly	
			20					25					30			
Glu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gln	Gln	Ala	Ile	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gly	
		35					40					45				
Ser	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Asn	Phe	Gly	Thr	Pro	Asp	Ser	Thr	Val	
	50					55					60					
Gln	Asn	Pro	Gln	Asp	Ala	Ser	Lys	Pro	Asn	Asp	Ser	Gln	Ser	Asn	Ile	
65					70					75					80	
Ala	Lys	Leu	Ile	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ile	Met	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gln	Met	Leu	Thr	
				85					90					95		
Asn	Ser	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gln	Asp	Thr	Asn	Gln	Glu	Gln	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gln	
			100					105					110			
Ala	Pro	Phe	Gln	Asn	Asn	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ala	Asp	Ser	
		115					120					125				
Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Asp	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asp	Thr	
	130					135					140					
Pro	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asp	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	
145					150				155						160	
Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	
				165					170					175		
Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Glu	Gly	Gly	Val	Thr	
			180					185					190			
Pro	Gln	Ile	Thr	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ala	Asn	Pro	Asn	Arg	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	
		195					200					205				
Gly	Ser	Val	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Gly	Ser	Thr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Gly	Lys	Ile	
	210					215					220					
Asn	Val	Val	Lys	Asp	Thr	Ile	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Gly	Glu	Val	Phe	Asp	
225					230					235					240	
Gly	His	Gly	Ala	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ser	Met	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	
				245					250					255		
Gln	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gln	Lys	Pro	Met	Phe	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	
			260					265					270			
Leu	Lys	Asn	Val	Asn	Leu	Gly	Glu	Asn	Glu	Val	Asp	Gly	Ile	His	Val	
		275					280					285				
Lys	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ala	Gln	Glu	Val	Thr	Ile	Asp	Asn	Val	His	Ala	Gln	
	290					295					300					
Asn	Val	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ile	Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	
305					310					315					320	

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
Page 25 of 37

```

Val Thr Asn Leu Asn Ile Lys Asn Ser Ser Ala Lys Gly Ala Asp Asp
      325                      330                      335

Lys Val Val Gln Leu Asn Ala Asn Thr His Leu Lys Ile Asp Asn Phe
      340                      345                      350

Lys Ala Asp Asp Phe Gly Thr Met Val Arg Thr Asn Gly Gly Lys Gln
      355                      360                      365

Phe Asp Asp Met Ser Ile Glu Leu Asn Gly Ile Glu Ala Asn His Gly
      370                      375                      380

Lys Phe Ala Leu Val Lys Ser Asp Ser Asp Asp Leu Lys Leu Ala Thr
      385                      390                      395                      400

Gly Asn Ile Ala Met Thr Asp Val Lys His Ala Tyr Asp Lys Thr Gln
      405                      410                      415

Ala Ser Thr Gln His Thr Glu Leu
      420

```

This protein or polypeptide is about 42.9 kDa.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 28, line 8, and ending on page 30, line 11, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein derived from *Pseudomonas solanacearum* has an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 35 as follows:

```

Met Ser Val Gly Asn Ile Gln Ser Pro Ser Asn Leu Pro Gly Leu Gln
1      5      10      15

Asn Leu Asn Leu Asn Thr Asn Thr Asn Ser Gln Gln Ser Gly Gln Ser
      20      25      30

Val Gln Asp Leu Ile Lys Gln Val Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu Asn Ile Ile
      35      40      45

Ala Ala Leu Val Gln Lys Ala Ala Gln Ser Ala Gly Gly Asn Thr Gly
      50      55      60

Asn Thr Gly Asn Ala Pro Ala Lys Asp Gly Asn Ala Asn Ala Gly Ala
      65      70      75      80

Asn Asp Pro Ser Lys Asn Asp Pro Ser Lys Ser Gln Ala Pro Gln Ser
      85      90      95

```


Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 26 of 37

Ala	Asn	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Val	Asp	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Gln	Asp	Pro	Met	100	105	110
Gln	Ala	Leu	Met	Gln	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ala	115	120	125
Ala	Leu	His	Met	Gln	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gly	Asn	Asp	Lys	Gly	Asn	Gly	Val	130	135	140
Gly	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Ala	Lys	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gln	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ala	145	150	155
Glu	Ala	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ile	Glu	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ala	Gln	Leu	Gly	Gly	Gly	165	170	175
Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly	Val	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	180	185	190
Ala	Asp	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Ala	195	200	205
Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Gly	Val	Asn	Gly	Asn	Gln	Ala	Asn	Gly	Pro	Gln	Asn	210	215	220
Ala	Gly	Asp	Val	Asn	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Ala	Asp	Asp	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asp	225	230	235
Gln	Gly	Gly	Leu	Thr	Gly	Val	Leu	Gln	Lys	Leu	Met	Lys	Ile	Leu	Asn	245	250	255
Ala	Leu	Val	Gln	Met	Met	Gln	Gln	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asn	Gln	260	265	270
Ala	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ser	Gly	275	280	285
Ala	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gln	Pro	Gly	Ser	Ala	Asp	Asp	Gln	Ser	Ser	290	295	300
Gly	Gln	Asn	Asn	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gln	Ile	Met	Asp	Val	Val	Lys	Glu	Val	305	310	315
Val	Gln	Ile	Leu	Gln	Gln	Met	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gln	325	330	335
Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser	Thr	Gln	Pro	Met									340		

It is encoded by a DNA molecule having a nucleotide sequence corresponding [SEQ. ID. No.] to SEQ ID NO: 36 as follows:

ATGTCAGTCG	GAAACATCCA	GAGCCCGTCG	AACCTCCCGG	GTCTGCAGAA	CCTGAACCTC	60
AACACCAACA	CCAACAGCCA	GCAATCGGGC	CAGTCCGTGC	AAGACCTGAT	CAAGCAGGTC	120

Appendix A
Version With Markings to Show Changes Made
 Page 27 of 37

GAGAAGGACA TCCTCAACAT CATCGCAGCC CTCGTGCAGA AGGCCGCACA GTCGGCGGGC	180
GGCAACACCG GTAACACCGG CAACGCGCCG GCGAAGGACG GCAATGCCAA CGCGGGCGCC	240
AACGACCCGA GCAAGAACGA CCCGAGCAAG AGCCAGGCTC CGCAGTCGGC CAACAAGACC	300
GGCAACGTCG ACGACGCCAA CAACCAGGAT CCGATGCAAG CGCTGATGCA GCTGCTGGAA	360
GACCTGGTGA AGCTGCTGAA GGCGGCCCTG CACATGCAGC AGCCCGGCGG CAATGACAAG	420
GGCAACGGCG TGGGCGGTGC CAACGGCGCC AAGGGTGCCG GCGGCCAGGG CGGCCTGGCC	480
GAAGCGCTGC AGGAGATCGA GCAGATCCTC GCCCAGCTCG GCGGCGGCGG TGCTGGCGCC	540
GGCGGCGCGG GTGGCGGTGT CGGCGGTGCT GGTGGCGCGG ATGGCGGCTC CGGTGCGGGT	600
GGCGCAGGCG GTGCGAACGG CGCCGACGGC GGCAATGGCG TGAACGGCAA CCAGGCGAAC	660
GGCCCGCAGA ACGCAGGCGA TGTCAACGGT GCCAACGGCG CGGATGACGG CAGCGAAGAC	720
CAGGGCGGCC TCACCGGCGT GCTGCAAAAG CTGATGAAGA TCCTGAACGC GCTGGTGCAG	780
ATGATGCAGC AAGGCGGCCT CGGCGGCGGC AACCAGGCGC AGGGCGGCTC GAAGGGTGCC	840
GGCAACGCCT CGCCGGCTTC CGGCGCGAAC CCGGGCGCGA ACCAGCCCGG TTCGGCGGAT	900
GATCAATCGT CCGGCCAGAA CAATCTGCAA TCCCAGATCA TGGATGTGGT GAAGGAGGTC	960
GTCCAGATCC TGCAGCAGAT GCTGGCGGCG CAGAACGGCG GCAGCCAGCA GTCCACCTCG	1020
ACGCAGCCGA TGTA	1035

Further information regarding the hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein derived from *Pseudomonas solanacearum* is set forth in Arlat, M., F. Van Gijsegem, J. C. Huet, J. C. Pemollet, and C. A. Boucher, "PopA1, a Protein which Induces a Hypersensitive-like Response in Specific Petunia Genotypes, is Secreted via the Hrp Pathway of *Pseudomonas solanacearum*," EMBO J. 13:543-533 (1994), which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 30, line 12, and ending on page 30, line 25, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein from *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *glycines* has an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 37 as follows:

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 28 of 37

Thr	Leu	Ile	Glu	Leu	Met	Ile	Val	Val	Ala	Ile	Ile	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Ile	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Tyr						
			20				25								

This sequence is an amino terminal sequence having only 26 residues from the hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein of *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. glycines. It matches with fimbrial subunit proteins determined in other *Xanthomonas campestris* pathovars.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 30, line 26, and ending on page 30, line 34, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor polypeptide or protein from *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *pelargonii* is heat stable, protease sensitive, and has a molecular weight of 20 kDa. It includes an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 38 as follows:

Ser	Ser	Gln	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ala	Gly	Ser	Glu	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asp	Gln
1				5				10					15		
Leu	Leu	Ala	Met												
			20												

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 32, line 27, and ending on page 33, line 5, with the following replacement paragraph:

An example of suitable fragments of a hypersensitive response elicitor which do not elicit a hypersensitive response include fragments of the *Erwinia amylovora* hypersensitive response elicitor. Suitable fragments include a C-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23, an N-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23, or an internal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23. The C-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23 can span the following amino acids of

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 29 of 37

[SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23: 169 and 403, 210 and 403, 267 and 403, or 343 and 403. The internal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23 can span the following amino acids of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23: 105 and 179, 137 and 166, 121 and 150, or 137 and 156. Other suitable fragments can be identified in accordance with the present invention.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 33, line 6, and ending on page 33, line 10, with the following replacement paragraph:

Another example of a useful fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor which fragment does not itself elicit a hypersensitive response is the protein fragment containing amino acids 190 to 294 of the amino acid sequence ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 31) for the *Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *syringae* hypersensitive response elicitor. This fragment is useful in imparting disease resistance and enhancing plant growth.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 33, line 11, and ending on page 33, line 14, with the following replacement paragraph:

Yet another example of a useful fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor is the peptide having an amino acid sequence corresponding to [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 39. This peptide is derived from the hypersensitive response eliciting glycoprotein of *Phytophthora megasperma* and enhances plant growth.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 46, line 29, and ending on page 47, line 12, with the following replacement paragraph:

Escherichia coli BL21(DE3) strains containing the hrpN clones were grown in Luria broth medium (5g/L Difco Yeast extract, 10 g/L Difco Tryptone, 5 g/L NaCl, and 1 mM NaOH) containing 30 µg/ml of kanamycin at 37°C overnight. The bacteria were then inoculated into 100 volumes of the same medium and grown at 37°C to an OD₆₂₀ of 0.6-0.8.

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 30 of 37

The bacteria were then inoculated into 250 volumes of the same medium and grown at 37°C to an OD₆₂₀ of ca. 0.3 or 0.6-0.8. One milli molar IPTG was then added and the cultures grown at 19°C overnight (ca. 18 hours). Not all of the clones were successfully expressed using this strategy. Several of the clones had to be grown in Terrific broth (12 g/L Bacto Tryptone, 24 g/L Bacto yeast, 0.4% glycerol, 0.17 M KH₂PO₄, and 0.72 K₂HPO₄), and/or grown at 37°C after IPTG induction, and/or harvested earlier than overnight (Table 1).

Table 1: Expression of hypersensitive response elicitor truncated proteins

Fragment	amino acids ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23)	Growth medium	Induction O.D.	Expression temp.	Harvest time
1 (+ control)	1-403	LB	ca. 0.3 or 0.6-0.8	19°C or 25°C	16-18 hr
2 (+ control)	-	LB and TB	ca. 0.3 or 0.6-0.8	19 C and 37 C	16-18 hr
3	105-403	LB	0.6-0.8	19°C	16-18 hr
4	169-403	TB	ca. 0.3	19°C	16-18 hr
5	210-403	LB or M9ZB	0.6-0.8	19°C	16-18 hr
6	257-403	LB or M9ZB	0.6-0.8	19°C	16-18 hr
7	343-403	LB	ca. 0.3	19°C	5 hr
8	1-75	TB	ca. 0.3	37°C	16-18 hr
9	1-104	TB	ca. 0.3	37°C	16-18 hr
10	1-168	TB	ca. 0.3	37°C	16-18 hr
11	1-266	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	4 hr
12	1-342	LB	0.6-0.8	19°C	16-18 hr
13	76-209	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	5 hr
14	76-168	TB or LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3 hr or 16-18 hr
15	105-209	M9ZB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3 hr
16	169-209	no expression			
17	105-168	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3-5 hr
18	99-209	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3 hr
19	137-204	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3 hr
20	137-180	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	16-18 hr.
21	105-180	LB	ca. 0.3	37°C	3 hr
22	150-209	no expression			
23	150-180	no expression			

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 31 of 37

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 51, line 2, and ending on page 52, line 2, with the following replacement paragraph:

The small scale expression and purification of the fragment proteins was done to screen for expression and HR activity (Table 2).

Table 2

Expression and HR activity of hypersensitive response elicitor truncated proteins (small scale screening)

Fragment #	Amino Acids ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23)	Expression	HR activity
1(+control)	1-403	+	+
2(- control)	-	background protein only	-
3	105-403	+	+
4	169-403	+	-
5	210-403	+	-
6	267-403	+	-
7	343-403	+/-	-
8	1-75	+	-
9	1-104	+	+/-
10	1-168	+	+
11	1-266	+	+
12	1-342	+	+
13	76-209	+	+
14	76-168	+	-
15	105-209	+	+
16	169-209	-	-
17	105-168	+	-
18	99-209	+	+
19	137-204	+	+
20	137-180	+	+
21	105-180	+	+
22	150-209	-	-
23	150-180	-	-

All of the cloned fragment proteins were expressed at varying levels except for three small fragments (amino acids 169-209, 150-209, and 150-180). Fragments 210-403 and 267-403 were expressed very well, yielding a high concentration of protein from a small scale purification, resulting in a substantial protein band on SDS gel electrophoresis. Other fragments (such as a.a. 1-168 and 1-104) produced much less protein, resulting in faint protein bands upon electrophoresis. It was difficult to determine whether fragment 343-403,

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 32 of 37

the smallest C-terminal protein, was expressed, as there were several background proteins apparent on the gel, in addition to the suspected 343-403 protein. The positive and negative control proteins, consisting of the full length hypersensitive response elicitor protein and only background proteins, respectively, were tested for expression and HR activity as well.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 52, line 3, and ending on page 53, line 2, with the following replacement paragraph:

The large scale expression and purification of the fragment proteins was done to determine the level of expression and titer of the HR activity (Table 3).

Table 3

Expression level and HR titer of hypersensitive response elicitor truncated proteins (large scale purification)

Fragment #	Amino acids ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23)	Expression	HR titer
<i>1 (+ control)</i>	1-403	3.7 mg/ml	5-7 µg/ml
<i>2 (- control)</i>	-	-	1:2 dilution
<i>4</i>	169-403	2 mg/ml	-
<i>5</i>	210-403	5 mg/ml	-
<i>6</i>	267-403	4 mg/ml	-
<i>7</i>	343-402	200µg/ml	-
<i>8</i>	1-75	50µg/ml	-
<i>9</i>	1-104	50µg/ml	3 µg/ml (1:16 dilution)
<i>10</i>	1-168	1 mg/ml	1 µg/ml
<i>13</i>	76-209	2.5 mg/ml	5 µg/ml
<i>14</i>	76-168	2 mg/ml	-
<i>15</i>	105-209	5 mg/ml	5-10µg/ml
<i>17</i>	105-168	250µg/ml	-
<i>19</i>	137-204	3.6 mg/ml	3.5 µg/ml
<i>20</i>	137-180	250 µg/ml	16 µg/ml

The truncated proteins deemed to be the most important in characterizing the hypersensitive response elicitor were chosen for large scale expression. The positive control (full length hypersensitive response elicitor) was expressed at a relatively high level at 3.7 mg/ml. All of the C-terminal proteins were expressed at relatively high levels from 2-5 mg/ml, except for

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 33 of 37

fragment 343-403 as discussed earlier. The N-terminal fragments were expressed very well also; however, during the purification process, the protein precipitated and very little was resolubilized. The concentrations in Table 3 reflect only the solubilized protein. The internal fragments were expressed in the range of 2-3.6 mg/ml. It was extremely difficult to determine the concentration of fragment 105-168 (it was suspected that the concentration was much higher than indicated), as the protein bands on the SDS gel were large, but poorly stained. The negative control contained several background proteins as expected, but no obviously induced dominant protein.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 53, line 14, and ending on page 53, line 26, with the following replacement paragraph:

One definitive domain encompassing a small internal region of the protein from a.a. 137-180 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23), a mere 44 a.a, is identified as the smallest HR domain. The other potential HR domain is thought to be located in the N-terminus of the protein from a.a. 1-104 (possibly a.a. 1-75) ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23). It was difficult to confirm or narrow down the N-terminus HR domain due to the difficulties encountered in purifying these fragment proteins. The N-terminus fragment proteins had to be purified with urea as no protein was recovered when the native purification process was used. Consequently, these proteins precipitated during the renaturing process and were difficult or nearly impossible to get back into solution, thereby making it hard to run the proteins through the HR assay, as only soluble protein is able to elicit HR. Difficulty narrowing the N-terminus HR domain was only compounded by the fact that the negative control elicited false HR at the low dilution levels thereby reducing the sensitivity of the assay.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 53, line 27, and ending on page 53, line 33, with the following replacement paragraph:

Surprisingly, when the internal HR domain was cleaved between a.a. 168 and 169 (fragments 76-168 and 105-168) ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) the fragment lost its

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 34 of 37

HR activity. This suggests that the HR activity of fragment 1-168 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) should not be attributed to the internal HR domain, but rather to some other domain, leading to the assumption that there was likely a second HR domain to be found in the N-terminal region of the protein. However, as discussed earlier it was difficult to confirm this assumption.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 54, line 1, and ending on page 54, line 6, with the following replacement paragraph:

The hypersensitive response elicitor C-terminus (a.a. 210-403 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23)) did not contain an HR domain. It did not elicit HR at a detectable level using the current HR assay. Even the large C-terminal fragment from a.a. 169-403 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) did not elicit HR even though it contained part of the internal HR domain. As stated above, cleaving the protein between amino acids 168 and 169 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) causes a loss of HR activity.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 54, line 7, and ending on page 54, line 18, with the following replacement paragraph:

Because some of the small cloned proteins with 61 a.a. or less were not expressed, several oligopeptides were synthesized with 30 a.a. to narrow down the functional region of the internal HR domain. The oligopeptides were synthesized within the range of a.a. 121-179 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23). However, these oligos did not elicit HR. It was not expected that there would be an HR from oligos 137-166, 121-150, and 137-156 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) as these fragments did not contain the imperative amino acids 168 and 169 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23). It was expected that the oligo 150-179 ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23) would elicit an HR. It is possible that 30 a.a. is too small for the protein to elicit any activity due to a lack of folding and, therefore, a lack of binding or that during the synthesis of the peptides important amino acids were missed (either in the process, or simply by the choice of which 30 amino acids to synthesize) and, therefore, the fragments would not be able to elicit HR.

Appendix A**Version With Markings to Show Changes Made**

Page 35 of 37

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 59, line 19, and ending on page 60, line 2, with the following replacement paragraph:

To test if the 13 amino acid peptide derived from the 42 kDa protein also enhanced plant growth, 20 mg of the oligopeptide was synthesized from Biosynthesis Corp. The synthesized sequence of the peptide is NH₂-Val-Trp-Asn-Gln-Pro-Val-Arg-Gly-Phe-Lys-Val-Tyr-Glu-COOH ([SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 39). The synthesized peptide was resuspended in 10 ml of 5 mM potassium phosphate buffer and, then, diluted to 1 and 100 ng/ml with the same buffer. About 100 tomato seeds (variety, Marglobe) were submerged in 20 ml of peptide solution overnight. The soaked seeds were planted in an 8 inch pot with artificial soil. Seeds soaked in the buffer without the peptide were used as a control. After seedlings emerged and the first two true leaves fully expanded, the height of the tomato seedlings was recorded. The peptide was not able to elicit the HR in tobacco and other tested plants. However, it had a profound effect on plant growth promotion. Table 9 shows that tomato seedlings treated with the peptide increased 12.6 % in height, indicating that the fungal peptide derived from the 42 kDa glycoprotein can promote tomato seedling growth. Extended studies showed that the peptide also had similar growth effect in other crops including tobacco. Similar growth promotion effects were achieved by plants sprayed with the peptide solution.

In the Claims:

Claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9, 30, 33, and 36 have been amended as follows:

1. (Amended) An isolated fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide, wherein said fragment does not elicit a hypersensitive response but has other activity in plants, said other activity comprising imparting disease resistance, enhancing plant growth, and/or controlling insects.

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 36 of 37

2. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 1, wherein the hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide is derived from an *Erwinia*, *Pseudomonas*, *Xanthomonas*, or *Phytophthora*.

4. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 3, wherein the fragment is selected from the group consisting of a C-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23, an N-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23, and an internal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23.

5. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 4, wherein the fragment is a C-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23 spanning the following amino acids of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23: 169 and 403, 210 and 403, 267 and 403, or 343 and 403.

6. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 4, wherein the fragment is an N-terminal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23.

7. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 4, wherein the fragment is an internal fragment of the amino acid sequence of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23 spanning the following amino acids of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 23: 105 and 179, 137 and 166, 121 and 150, or 137 and 156.

9. (Amended) An isolated fragment according to claim 8, wherein the fragment contains amino acids 190 to 294 of [SEQ. ID. No.] SEQ ID NO: 31.

30. (Amended) A method of imparting disease resistance to plants comprising:

applying a fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide[, which fragment does not elicit a hypersensitive response,] in a non-infectious

Appendix A

Version With Markings to Show Changes Made

Page 37 of 37

form to a plant or plant seed under conditions effective to impart disease resistance, wherein the fragment imparts disease resistance but does not elicit a hypersensitive response.

33. (Amended) A method of enhancing plant growth comprising:
applying a fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide[, which fragment does not elicit a hypersensitive response,] in a non-infectious form to a plant or plant seed under conditions effective to enhance plant growth, wherein the fragment enhances plant growth but does not elicit a hypersensitive response.

36. (Amended) A method of insect control for plants comprising:
applying a fragment of a hypersensitive response elicitor protein or polypeptide[, which fragment does not elicit a hypersensitive response,] in a non-infectious form to a plant or plant seed under conditions effective to control insects, wherein the fragment controls insects but does not elicit a hypersensitive response.